- 1 Argument. After Pointing Out that Jealousy or Envy is a Sin All the More
- 2 Heinous in Proportion as Its Wickedness is Hidden, and that Its Origin is to Be
- 3 Traced to the <u>Devil</u>, He Gives Illustrations of Envy from the <u>Old Testament</u>, and
- 4 Gathers, by Reference to Special Vices, that Envy is the Root of All Wickedness.
- 5 Therefore with Reason Was Fraternal Hatred Forbidden Not in One Place Only,
- 6 But by Christ and His Apostles. Finally, Exhorting to the Love of One's Enemies
- 5 by God's Example, He Dissuades from the Sin of Envy, by Urging the Rewards Set
- 8 Before the Indulgence of Love.
- 9 1. To be jealous of what you see to be good, and to be envious of those who are
- better than yourself, seems, beloved brethren, in the eyes of some people to be a
- slight and petty wrong; and, being thought trifling and of small account, it is not
- feared; not being feared, it is contemned; being contemned, it is not easily
- shunned: and it thus becomes a dark and hidden mischief, which, as it is not
- perceived so as to be guarded against by the <u>prudent</u>, secretly distresses incautious
- minds. But, moreover, the Lord bade us be <u>prudent</u>, and charged us to watch with
- careful solicitude, lest the adversary, who is always on the watch and always lying
- in wait, should creep stealthily into our breast, and blow up a flame from the
- sparks, magnifying small things into the greatest; and so, while soothing the
- unguarded and careless with a milder air and a softer breeze, should stir up storms
- and whirlwinds, and bring about the destruction of <u>faith</u> and the shipwreck

21	of <u>salvation</u> and of life. Therefore, beloved brethren, we must be on our guard, and
22	strive with all our powers to repel, with solicitous and full watch-fullness, the
23	enemy, raging and aiming his darts against every part of our body in which we can
24	be stricken and wounded, in accordance with what the Apostle Peter, in his epistle,
25	forewarns and teaches, saying, Be sober, and watch; because your adversary
26	the <u>devil</u> , as a roaring lion, goes about seeking any one to devour. <u>1 Peter 5:8</u>
27	2. He goes about every one of us; and even as an enemy besieging those who are
28	shut up (in a city), he examines the walls, and tries whether there is any part of the
29	walls less firm and less trustworthy, by entrance through which he may penetrate
30	to the inside. He presents to the eyes seductive forms and easy pleasures, that he
31	may destroy chastity by the sight. He tempts the ears with harmonious music, that
32	by the hearing of sweet sounds he may relax and enervate Christian vigour. He
33	provokes the tongue by reproaches; he instigates the hand by exasperating wrongs
34	to the wrecklessness of <u>murder</u> ; to make the cheat, he presents dishonest gains; to
35	take captive the soul by money, he heaps together mischievous hoards; he promises
36	earthly honours, that he may deprive of heavenly ones; he makes a show of false
37	things, that he may steal away the true; and when he cannot hiddenly deceive, he
38	threatens plainly and openly, holding forth the <u>fear</u> of turbulent <u>persecution</u> to
39	vanquish God's servants — always restless, and always hostile, crafty in peace, and
40	fierce in persecution.

41	3. Wherefore, beloved brethren, against all the <u>devil's</u> deceiving snares or open
42	threatenings, the mind ought to stand arrayed and armed, ever as ready to repel as
43	the foe is ever ready to attack. And since those darts of his which creep on us in
44	concealment are more frequent, and his more hidden and secret hurling of them is
45	the more severely and frequently effectual to our wounding, in proportion as it is
46	the less perceived, let us also be watchful to understand and repel these, among
47	which is the <u>evil</u> of jealousy and <u>envy</u> . And if any one closely look into this, be
48	will find that nothing should be more guarded against by the Christian, nothing
49	more carefully watched, than being taken captive by envy and malice, that none,
50	entangled in the blind snares of a deceitful enemy, in that the brother is turned
51	by envy to hatred of his brother, should himself be unwittingly destroyed by his
52	own sword. That we may be able more fully to collect and more plainly to perceive
53	this, let us recur to its fount and origin. Let us consider whence arises jealousy, and
54	when and how it begins. For so mischievous an evil will be more easily shunned
55	by us, if both the source and the magnitude of that same <u>evil</u> be <u>known</u> .
56	4. From this source, even at the very beginnings of the world, the <u>devil</u> was the
57	first who both perished (himself) and destroyed (others). He who was sustained in
58	angelic majesty, he who was accepted and beloved of God, when he beheld man
59	made in the image of <u>God</u> , broke forth into jealousy with malevolent <u>envy</u> — not
60	hurling down another by the instinct of his jealousy before he himself was first

hurled down by jealousy, captive before he takes captive, ruined before he ruins 61 others. While, at the instigation of jealousy, he robs man of 62 the grace of immortality conferred, he himself has lost that which he had 63 previously been. How great an evil is that, beloved brethren, whereby an angel fell. 64 whereby that lofty and illustrious grandeur could be defrauded and overthrown, 65 whereby he who deceived was himself deceived! Thenceforth envy rages on the 66 earth, in that he who is about to perish by jealousy obeys the author of his ruin, 67 imitating the devil in his jealousy; as it is written, But through envy of 68 the devil death entered into the world. Therefore they who are on his side imitate 69 him. 70 5. Hence, in fine, began the primal hatreds of the new brotherhood, hence the 71 abominable fratricides, in that the unrighteous Cain is jealous of the righteous 72 Abel, in that the wicked persecutes the good with envy and jealousy. So far 73 prevailed the rage of envy to the consummation of that deed of wickedness, that 74 neither the love of his brother, nor the immensity of the crime, nor the fear of God, 75 nor the penalty of the sin, was considered. He was unrighteously stricken who had 76 been the first to show righteousness; he endured hatred who had not known how 77 78 to hate; he was impiously slain, who, dying, did not resist. And that Esau was hostile to his brother Jacob, arose from jealousy also. For because the latter had 79 received his father's blessing, the former was inflamed to a persecuting hatred by 80

the brands of jealousy. And that Joseph was sold by his brethren, the reason of 81 their selling him proceeded from envy. When in simplicity, and as a brother to 82 brethren, he set forth to them the prosperity which had been shown to him in 83 visions, their malevolent disposition broke forth into envy. Moreover, that Saul the 84 king hated David, so as to seek by often repeated persecutions to kill him — 85 innocent, merciful, gentle, patient in meekness — what else was the provocation 86 save the spur of jealousy? Because, when Goliath was slain, and by the aid and 87 condescension of God so great an enemy was routed, the wondering people burst 88 forth with the suffrage of acclamation into praises of David, Saul through jealousy 89 conceived the rage of enmity and persecution. And, not to go to the length of 90 numbering each one, let us observe the destruction of a people that perished once 91 for all. Did not the Jews perish for this reason, that they chose rather to envy Christ 92 than to believe Him? Disparaging those great works which He did, they were 93 deceived by blinding jealousy, and could not open the eyes of their heart to 94 the knowledge of divine things. 95 6. Considering which things, beloved brethren, let us with vigilance 96 and courage fortify our hearts dedicated to God against such a destructiveness 97 98 of evil. Let the death of others avail for our safety; let the punishment of the unwise confer health upon the prudent. Moreover, there is no ground for any one to 99 suppose that evil of that kind is confined in one form, or restrained within brief 100

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limits in a narrow boundary. The mischief of jealousy, manifold and fruitful, extends widely. It is the root of all evils, the fountain of disasters, the nursery of crimes, the material of transgressions. Thence arises hatred, thence proceeds animosity. Jealousy inflames avarice, in that one cannot be content with what is his own, while he sees another more wealthy. Jealousy stirs up ambition, when one sees another more exalted in honours. When jealousy darkens our perceptions, and reduces the secret agencies of the mind under its command, the fear of God is despised, the teaching of Christ is neglected, the day of judgment is not anticipated. Pride inflates, cruelty embitters, faithlessness prevaricates, impatience agitates, discord rages, anger grows hot; nor can he who has become the subject of a foreign authority any longer restrain or govern himself. By this the bond of the Lord's peace is broken; by this is violated brotherly charity; by this truth is adulterated, unity is divided; men plunge into heresies and schisms when priests are disparaged, when bishops are envied, when a man complains that he himself was not rather ordained, or disdains to suffer that another should be put over him. Hence the man who is haughty through jealousy, and perverse through envy, kicks, hence he revolts, in anger and malice the opponent, not of the man, but of the honour. 7. But what a gnawing worm of the soul is it, what a plague-spot of our thoughts, what a rust of the heart, to be jealous of another, either in respect of his virtue or of

his <u>happiness</u> ; that is, to <u>hate</u> in him either his own deservings or the divine
benefits — to turn the advantages of others into one's own mischief — to be
tormented by the prosperity of illustrious men — to make other
people's glory one's own penalty, and, as it were, to apply a sort of executioner to
one's own breast, to bring the tormentors to one's own thoughts and feelings, that
they may tear us with intestine pangs, and may smite the secret recesses of the
heart with the hoof of malevolence. To such, no food is joyous, no drink can be
cheerful. They are ever sighing, and groaning, and grieving; and since envy is
never put off by the envious, the possessed heart is rent without intermission day
and night. Other ills have their limit; and whatever wrong is done, is bounded by
the completion of the crime. In the adulterer the offense ceases when the violation
is perpetrated; in the case of the robber, the crime is at rest when the homicide is
committed; and the possession of the booty puts an end to the rapacity of the thief
and the completed deception places a limit to the wrong of the cheat. Jealousy has
no limit; it is an evil continually enduring, and a sin without end. In proportion as
he who is envied has the advantage of a greater success, in that proportion
the <u>envious</u> man burns with the fires of jealousy to an increased heat.
8. Hence the threatening countenance, the lowering aspect, pallor in the face,
trembling on the lips, gnashing of the teeth, mad words, unbridled revilings, a han
prompt for the violence of slaughter; even if for the time deprived of a sword, yet

141	armed with the <u>hatred</u> of an infuriate mind. And accordingly the <u>Holy Spirit</u> says in
142	the Psalms: Be not jealous against him who walks prosperously in his way. And
143	again: The wicked shall observe the righteous, and shall gnash upon him with his
144	teeth. But God shall laugh at him; for He sees that his day is coming. The
145	blessed Apostle Paul designates and points out these when he says, The poison of
146	asps is under their lips, and their mouth is full of cursing and bitterness. Their feet
147	are swift to shed blood, destruction and misery are in their ways, who have
148	not known the way of peace; neither is the fear of God before their eyes.
149	9. The mischief is much more trifling, and the danger less, when the limbs are
150	wounded with a sword. The cure is easy where the wound is manifest; and when
151	the medicament is applied, the sore that is seen is quickly brought to health. The
152	wounds of jealousy are hidden and secret; nor do they admit the remedy of a
153	healing cure, since they have shut themselves in blind suffering within the lurking-
154	places of the <u>conscience</u> . Whoever you are that are <u>envious</u> and malignant, observe
155	how crafty, mischievous, and hateful you are to those whom you hate. Yet you are
156	the enemy of no one's well-being more than your own. Whoever he is whom
157	you persecute with jealousy, can evade and escape you. You cannot escape
158	yourself. Wherever you may be, your adversary is with you; your enemy is always
159	in your own breast; your mischief is shut up within; you are tied and bound with
160	the links of chains from which you cannot extricate yourself; you are captive under

161	the tyranny of jealousy; nor will any consolations help you. It is a
162	persistent evil to persecute a man who belongs to the grace of God. It is a calamity
163	without remedy to <u>hate</u> the <u>happy</u> .
164	10. And therefore, beloved brethren, the Lord, taking thought for this risk, that
165	none should fall into the snare of death through jealousy of his brother, when
166	His <u>disciples</u> asked Him which among them should be the greatest, said, Whoever
167	shall be least among you all, the same shall be great. <u>Luke 9:48</u> He cut off
168	all envy by His reply. He plucked out and tore away every cause and matter of
169	gnawing <u>envy</u> . A <u>disciple</u> of Christ must not be jealous, must not be <u>envious</u> . With
170	us there can be no contest for exaltation; from humility we grow to the highest
171	attainments; we have learned in what way we may be pleasing. And finally,
172	the Apostle Paul, instructing and warning, that we who, illuminated by the light
173	of Christ, have escaped from the darkness of the conversation of night, should walk
174	in the deeds and works of light, writes and says, The night has passed over, and the
175	day is approaching: let us therefore cast away the works of darkness, and let us put
176	upon us the armour of light. Let us walk honestly, as in the day; not in rioting
177	and <u>drunkenness</u> , not in <u>lusts</u> and wantonness, not in strifes and jealousy. <u>Romans</u>
178	13:12-13 If the darkness has departed from your breast, if the night is scattered
179	therefrom, if the gloom is chased away, if the brightness of day has illuminated

180	your senses, if you have begun to be a man of light, do those things which are
181	Christ's, because Christ is the Light and the Day.
182	11. Why do you rush into the darkness of jealousy? Why do you enfold yourself in
183	the cloud of malice? Why do you quench all the light of peace and charity in the
184	blindness of envy? Why do you return to the devil, whom you had renounced?
185	Why do you stand like Cain? For that he who is jealous of his brother, and has him
186	in hatred, is bound by the guilt of homicide, the Apostle John declares in his
187	epistle, saying, Whosoever <u>hates</u> his brother is a murderer; and you <u>know</u> that no
188	murderer has life abiding in him. And again: He that says he is in the light,
189	and <u>hates</u> his brother, is in darkness even until now, and walks in darkness,
190	and knows not whither he goes, because that darkness has blinded his eyes. 1 John
191	2:9-11 Whosoever <u>hates</u> , says he, his brother, walks in darkness, and <u>knows</u> not
192	whither he goes. For he goes unconsciously to Gehenna, in <u>ignorance</u> and
193	blindness; he is hurrying into punishment, departing, that is, from the light
194	of Christ, who warns and says, I am the light of the world. He that follows me shall
195	not walk in darkness, but shall have the light of life. John 8:12 But he follows
196	Christ who stands in His precepts, who walks in the way of His teaching, who
197	follows His footsteps and His ways, who imitates that which Christ both did and
198	taught; in accordance with what Peter also exhorts and warns, saying, Christ

suffered for us, leaving you an example that you should follow His steps. 1 Peter

200 2:21

12. We ought to remember by what name Christ calls His people, by what title He

202 names His flock. He calls them sheep, that their Christian innocence may be like

203 that of sheep; He calls them lambs, that their simplicity of mind may imitate the

simple nature of lambs. Why does the wolf lurk under the garb of sheep? Why 204 does he who falsely asserts himself to be a Christian, dishonour the flock of Christ? 205 To put on the name of Christ, and not to go in the way of Christ, what else is it but 206 a mockery of the divine name, but a desertion of the way of salvation; since He 207 Himself teaches and says that he shall come unto life who keeps His 208 commandments, and that he is wise who hears and does His words; that he, 209 moreover, is called the greatest doctor in the kingdom of heaven who thus does and 210 teaches; that, then, will be of advantage to the preacher what has been well and 211 usefully preached, if what is uttered by his mouth is fulfilled by deeds following? 212 But what did the Lord more frequently instil into His disciples, what did He more 213 charge to be guarded and observed among His saving counsels and heavenly 214 precepts, than that with the same love wherewith He Himself loved the disciples. 215 we also should love one another? And in what manner does he keep either the 216 peace or the love of the Lord, who, when jealousy intrudes, can neither be 217

peaceable nor loving?

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219	13. Thus also the Apostle Paul, when he was urging the merits of peace and
220	charity, and when he was strongly asserting and teaching that
221	neither <u>faith</u> nor <u>alms</u> , nor even the passion itself of the confessor and the <u>martyr</u> ,
222	would avail him, unless he kept the requirements of charity entire and inviolate,
223	added, and said: Charity, is magnanimous, charity is kind, charity envies not; 1
224	Corinthians 13:4 teaching, doubtless, and showing that whoever is magnanimous,
225	and kind, and averse from jealousy and rancour, such a one can maintain charity.
226	Moreover, in another place, when he was advising that the man who has already
227	become filled with the Holy Spirit, and a son of God by heavenly birth, should
228	observe nothing but spiritual and divine things, he lays it down, and says: And I
229	indeed, brethren, could not speak unto you as unto spiritual, but as unto carnal,
230	even as unto babes in Christ. I have fed you with milk, not with meat: for you were
231	not able hitherto; moreover, neither now are you able. For you are yet carnal: for
232	whereas there are still among you jealousy, and contention, and strifes, are you not
233	carnal, and walk as men? <u>1 Corinthians 3:1-3</u>
234	14. Vices and carnal <u>sins</u> must be trampled down, beloved brethren, and the
235	corrupting plague of the earthly body must be trodden under foot with spiritual
236	vigour, lest, while we are turned back again to the conversation of the old man, we
237	be entangled in deadly snares, even as the apostle, with foresight and
238	wholesomeness, forewarned us of this very thing, and said: Therefore, brethren, let

us not live after the flesh; for if you live after the flesh, you shall begin to die; but
if you, through the <u>Spirit</u> , mortify the <u>deeds</u> of the flesh, you shall live. For as
many as are led by the <u>Spirit of God</u> they are the sons of <u>God</u> . <u>Romans 8:12-14</u> If
we are the sons of God, if we are already beginning to be His temples, if, having
received the Holy Spirit, we are living holily and spiritually, if we have raised our
eyes from earth to heaven, if we have lifted our hearts, filled with God and Christ,
to things above and divine, let us do nothing but what is worthy of <u>God</u> and <u>Christ</u> ,
even as the apostle arouses and exhorts us, saying: If you be risen with Christ, seek
those things which are above, where Christ is sitting at the right hand of God;
occupy your minds with things that are above, not with things which are upon the
earth. For you are dead, and your life is hid with Christ in God. But when Christ,
who is your life, shall appear, then shall you also appear with Him
in glory. Colossians 3:1-4 Let us, then, who in baptism have both died and been
buried in respect of the carnal sins of the old man, who have risen again with
Christ in the heavenly regeneration, both think upon and do the things which are
Christ's, even as the same apostle again teaches and counsels, saying: The first man
is of the dust of the earth; the second man is from heaven. Such as he is from the
earth, such also are they who are from the earth and such as He the heavenly is,
such also are they who are heavenly. As we have borne the image of him who is of
the earth, let us also bear the image of Him who is from heaven. <u>1 Corinthians</u>

259	15:47-49 But we cannot bear the heavenly image, unless in that condition wherein
260	we have already begun to be, we show forth the likeness of Christ .
261	15. For this is to change what you had been, and to begin to be what you were not,
262	that the divine birth might shine forth in you, that the godly discipline might
263	respond to God, the Father, that in the honour and praise of living, God may
264	be glorified in man; as He Himself exhorts, and warns, and promises to those who
265	glorify Him a reward in their turn, saying, Them that glorify me I will glorify, and
266	he who despises me shall be despised. <u>1 Samuel 2:30</u> For which glorification the
267	Lord, forming and preparing us, and the Son of God instilling the likeness
268	of God the Father, says in His Gospel: You have heard that it has been said, You
269	shall <u>love</u> your neighbour, and <u>hate</u> your enemy. But I say unto you, Love your
270	enemies, and <u>pray</u> for them which <u>persecute</u> you; that you may be the children of
271	your Father which is in heaven, who makes His sun to rise on the good and on
272	the <u>evil</u> , and sends rain upon the just and on the <u>unjust</u> . <u>Matthew 5:43-45</u> If it is a
273	source of joy and glory to men to have children like to themselves — and it is more
274	agreeable to have begotten an offspring then when the remaining progeny responds
275	to the parent with like lineaments — how much greater is
276	the <u>gladness</u> in <u>God</u> the <u>Father</u> , when any one is so spiritually born that in his acts
277	and praises the divine eminence of race is announced! What a palm of
278	righteousness is it, what a crown to be such a one as that the Lord should not say of

279	you, I have begotten and brought up children, but they have despised me! <u>Isaiah</u>
280	1:2 Let Christ rather applaud you, and invite you to the reward, saying, Come, you
281	blessed of my Father, receive the kingdom which is prepared for you from the
282	beginning of the world. Matthew 25:34
283	16. The mind must be strengthened, beloved brethren, by these meditations. By
284	exercises of this kind it must be confirmed against all the darts of the <u>devil</u> . Let
285	there be the divine reading in the hands, the Lord's thoughts in the mind; let
286	constant prayer never cease at all; let saving labour persevere. Let us be always
287	busied in spiritual actions, that so often as the enemy approaches, however often he
288	may try to come near, he may find the breast closed and armed against him. For
289	a Christian man's crown is not only that which is received in the time
290	of <u>persecution</u> : peace also has its crowns, wherewith the victors, from a varied and
291	manifold engagement, are crowned, when their adversary is prostrated and
292	subdued. To have overcome <u>lust</u> is the palm of continency. To have resisted
293	against anger, against injury, is the crown of patience. It is a triumph
294	over <u>avarice</u> to despise money. It is the praise of <u>faith</u> , by trust in the future, to
295	suffer the adversity of the world. And he who is not <u>haughty</u> in prosperity,
296	obtains glory for his humility; and he who is disposed to the mercifulness of
297	cherishing the <u>poor</u> , obtains the retribution of a heavenly treasure; and he
298	who knows not to be jealous, and who with one heart and in meekness loves his

299	brethren, is honoured with the recompense of <u>love</u> and peace. In this course
300	of <u>virtues</u> we daily run; to these palms and crowns of <u>justice</u> we attain without
301	intermission of time.
302	17. To these rewards that you also may come who had been possessed with
303	jealousy and rancour, cast away all that malice wherewith you were before held
304	fast, and be reformed to the way of <u>eternal</u> life in the footsteps of <u>salvation</u> . Tear
305	out from your breast thorns and thistles, that the Lord's seed may enrich you with a
306	fertile produce, that the divine and spiritual cornfield may abound to the
307	plentifulness of a fruitful harvest. Cast out the poison of gall, cast out the virus of
308	discords. Let the mind which the <u>malice</u> of the serpent had infected be purged; let
309	all bitterness which had settled within be softened by the sweetness of Christ . If
310	you take both meat and drink from the sacrament of the cross, let the wood which
311	at Mara availed in a figure for sweetening the taste, avail to you in in reality for
312	soothing your softened breast; and you shall not strive for a medicine for your
313	increasing health. Be cured by that whereby you had been wounded. Love those
314	whom you previously had <u>hated</u> ; favour those whom you envied
315	with <u>unjust</u> disparagements. Imitate good men, if you are able to follow them; but
316	it you are not able to follow them, at least rejoice with them, and congratulate those
317	who are better than you. Make yourself a sharer with them in united <u>love</u> ; make
318	yourself their associate in the alliance of charity and the bond of brotherhood. Your

319	debts shall be remitted to you when you yourself shall have forgiven.
320	Your <u>sacrifices</u> shall be received when you shall come in peace to <u>God</u> . Your
321	thoughts and <u>deeds</u> shall be directed from above, when you consider those things
322	which are divine and righteous, as it is written: Let the heart of a man consider
323	righteous things, that his steps may be directed by the Lord.
324	18. And you have many things to consider. Think of paradise, whither Cain does
325	not enter, who by jealousy slew his brother. Think of the heavenly kingdom, to
326	which the Lord does not admit any but those who are of one heart and mind.
327	Consider that those alone can be called sons of God who are peacemakers, who in
328	heavenly birth and by the divine law are made one, and respond to the likeness
329	of God the Father and of Christ. Consider that we are standing under the eyes
330	of God, that we are pursuing the course of our conversation and our life, with God
331	Himself looking on and judging, that we may then at length be able to attain to the
332	result of beholding Him, if we now delight Him who sees us, by our actions, if we
333	show ourselves worthy of His favour and indulgence; if we, who are always to
334	please Him in His kingdom, previously please Him in the world.